



ENERGY. TECHNOLOGY. SUSTAINABILITY.

PHOTOCATALYTIC DECOMPOSITION OF AMMONIA

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Co-Founder and CTO

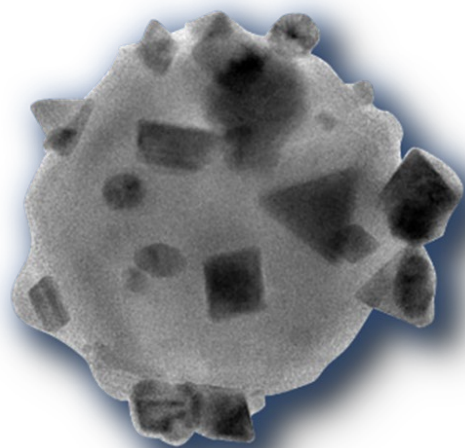
AMMONIA ENERGY CONFERENCE

NOV 10, 2021



Syzygy chemical reactors replace heat from fossil fuel with light from renewable electricity

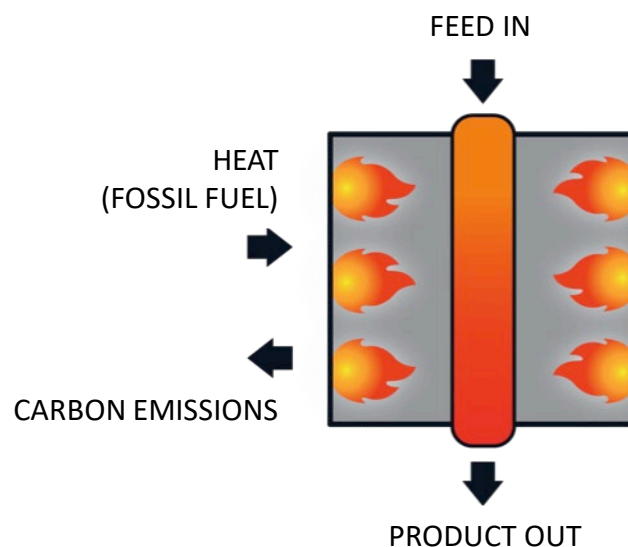
Based on novel photocatalysts developed at Rice University



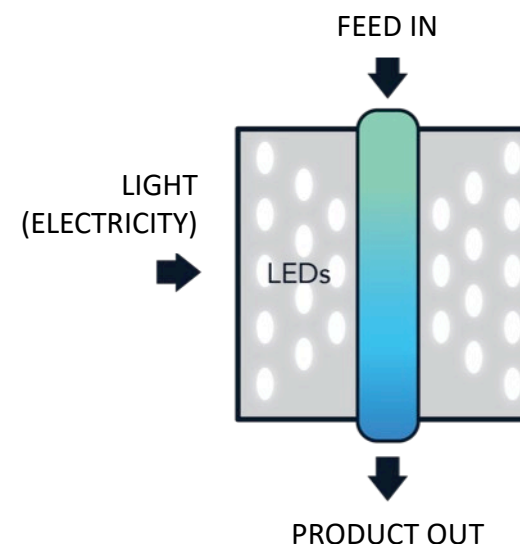
25nm

TEM image of a Syzygy photocatalyst nanoparticle

How reactors operate today



How Syzygy reactors work

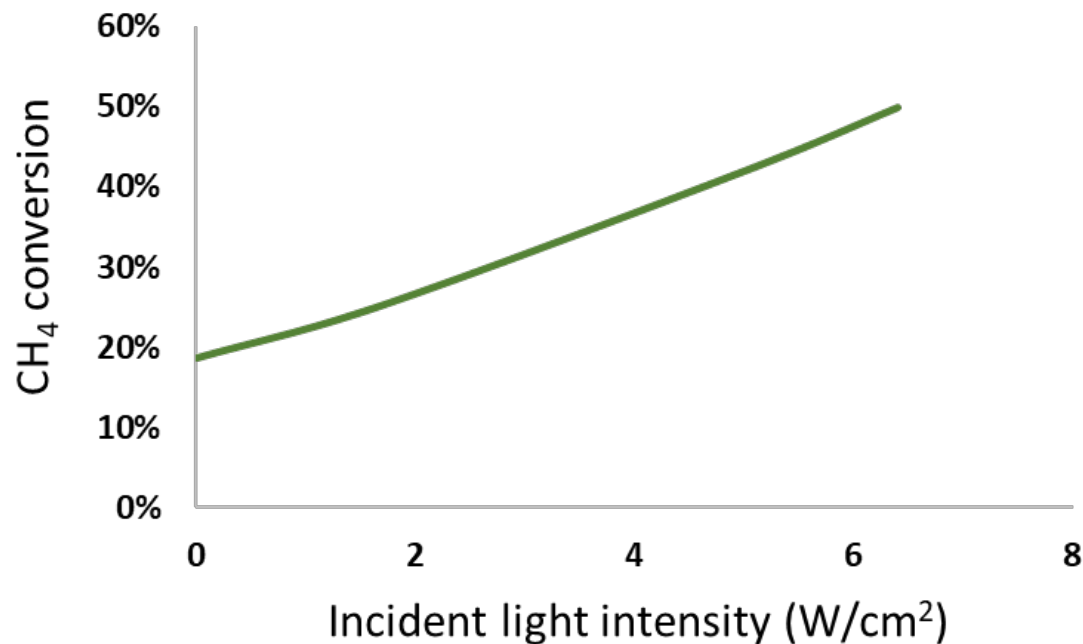


Our Vision: Drive 1 gigaton of CO₂eq emissions reduction by 2040



Syzygy's photocatalysis technology: Unique, novel science

Lab test data demonstrating the increase in feed conversion with increasing light intensity in P-SMRTM photocatalyst at constant reaction temperature



P-SMRTM = Photocatalytic steam methane reforming

- **Conventional catalysis:** Reaction rate has exponential relationship with temperature
- **Syzygy photocatalysis:** Reaction rate has exponential relationship with both temperature and light Intensity



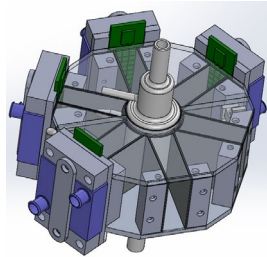
Syzygy Scale Up Progress to Date



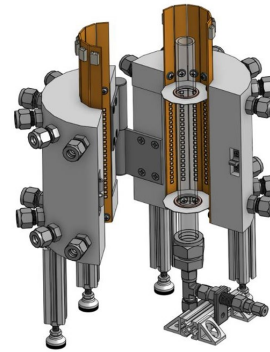
**Micro
Reactor**



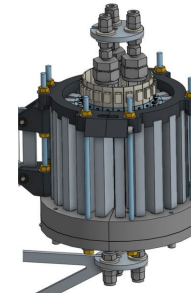
**First
Photocell**



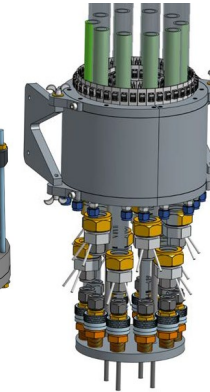
**Basic Small Cell
Reactor**



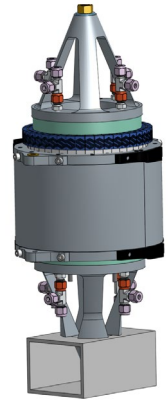
**Advanced Small Cell
Reactor**



**3-Cell
Reactor**



**10-Cell
Reactor**



**Large Cell Reactor
(TODAY – Multiple Iterations)**

	2018	2019	2020	2021
H₂ Produced	10 mg/day	100 g/day	1 kg/day	5.4 kg/day (P-DA)
kWh per kg H₂	0.5 MWh	68 kWh	49 kWh	23 kWh (P-DA)
TRL	3	4	5	6

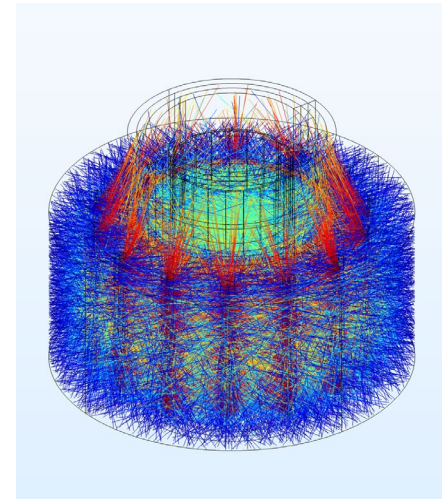


Reactor Simulation and Modeling

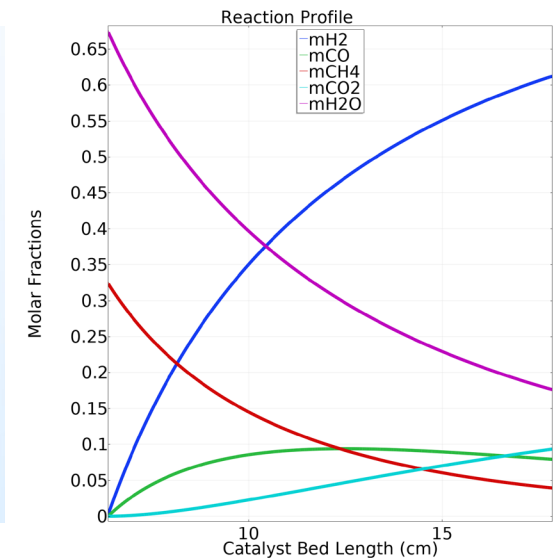
Multi-Physics computer models for photocatalysis as a Predictive Model for reactor performance

- Multi-Physics Models (COMSOL, Python) for geometric optics, ray tracing, heat transfer, fluid flow, and mass transport are combined with reaction kinetics.
- Modeling to predict the performance of a new photoreactor and/or to improve the performance of our photoreactors.
- This allows us to evaluate designs without having to build and test a reactor.

Geometric Optics



Reaction kinetics



Sample images



Syzygy IP Position

Patents

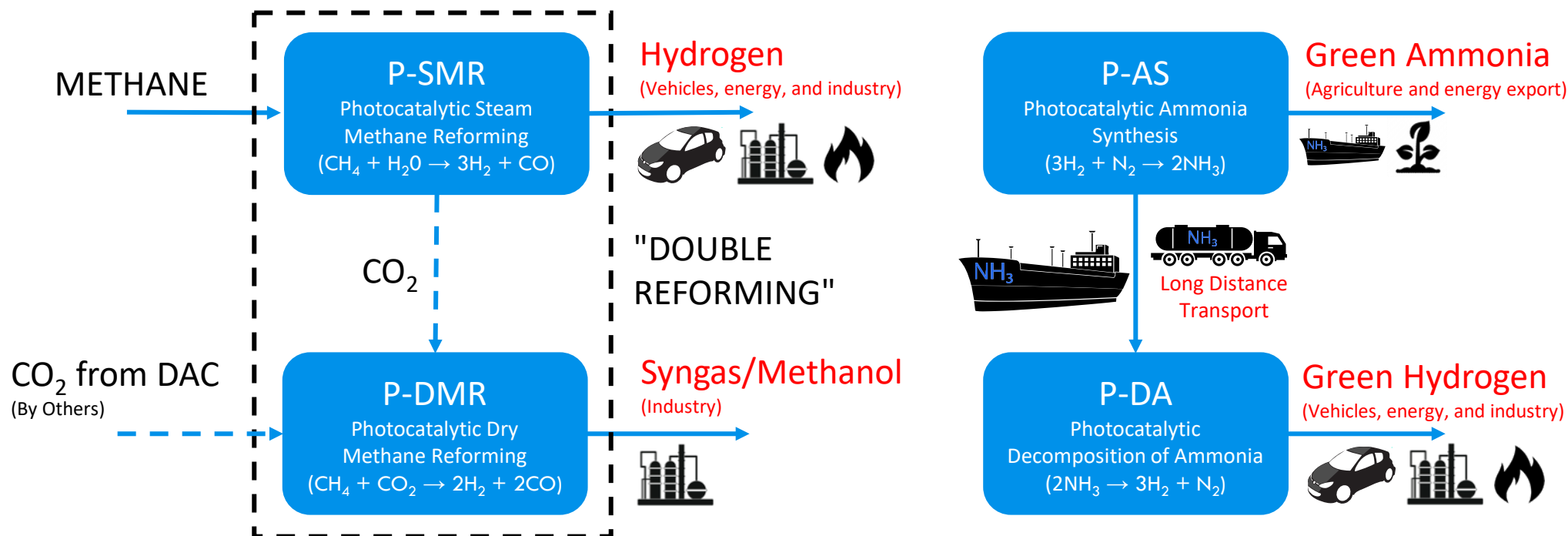
Patent Family	Unique patents	Status (combined/summary)
Photocatalyst	2	Granted: 7 jurisdictions Pending: 9 jurisdictions
Photoreactors	4	Granted: 3 jurisdictions Pending: 39 jurisdictions Provisional: 1 PCT: 1
Advanced Photoreactors	1	Provisional: 1
Chemical Production Systems	2	Provisional: 1 PCT: 1

Other IP notes

- Multiple new patents in writing
- Trade Secrets: ~2 dozen
- Trademark strategy in place



SYZYGY IS ACTIVELY DEVELOPING FOUR PROCESS TECHNOLOGIES

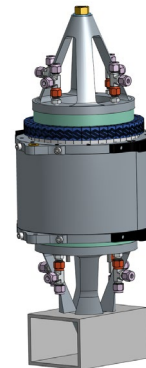
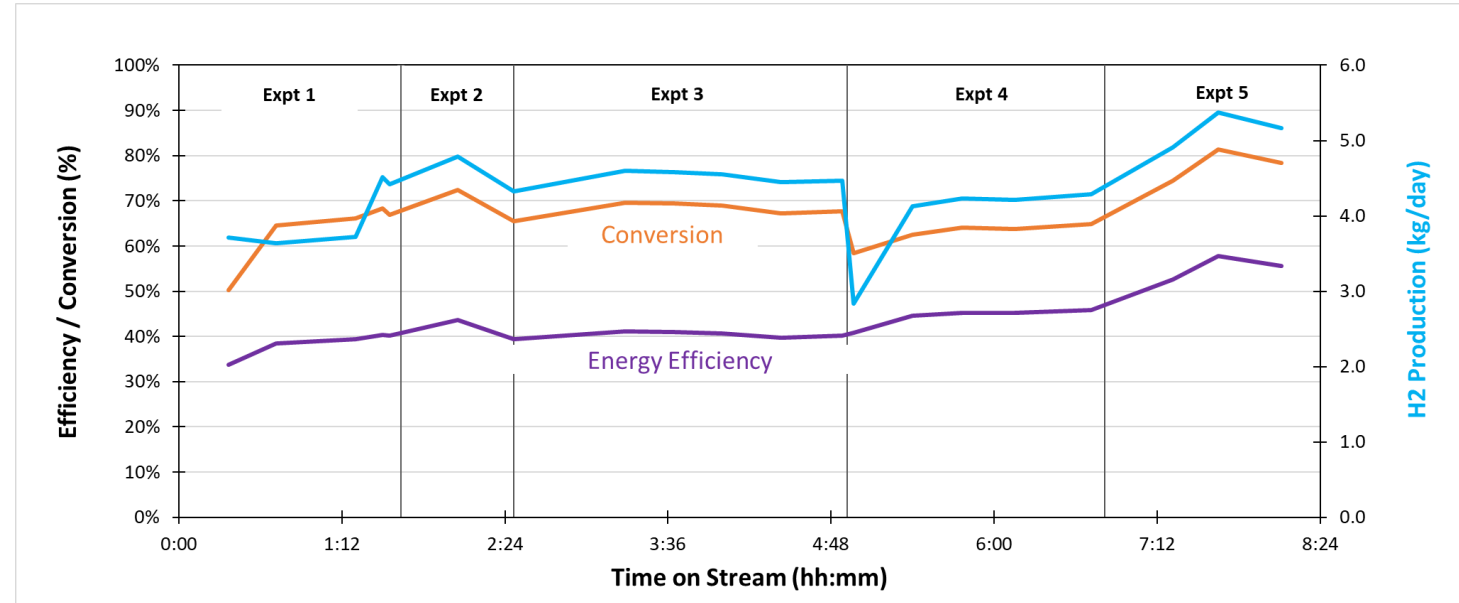




P-DATM (Ammonia Splitting) Reactor Test Data

P-DATM reactor best results

Max energy efficiency observed (produced H ₂ basis)	56%
Max conversion observed	100%
Max H ₂ / day production observed	5.37 kg-H ₂ per day
Next Reactor Size	200 kg-H ₂ per day
Longest duration test performed with the same catalyst	200 hours
Feed	100% NH ₃ 1 pass
Space Velocity	~7000/h
Electrical energy in (This Test)	23 kWh per kg-H ₂
Electrical energy in (Goal)	10 kWh per kg-H ₂



1. Test results with the Large Cell Reactor
2. Reactor made with glass, aluminum and plastic

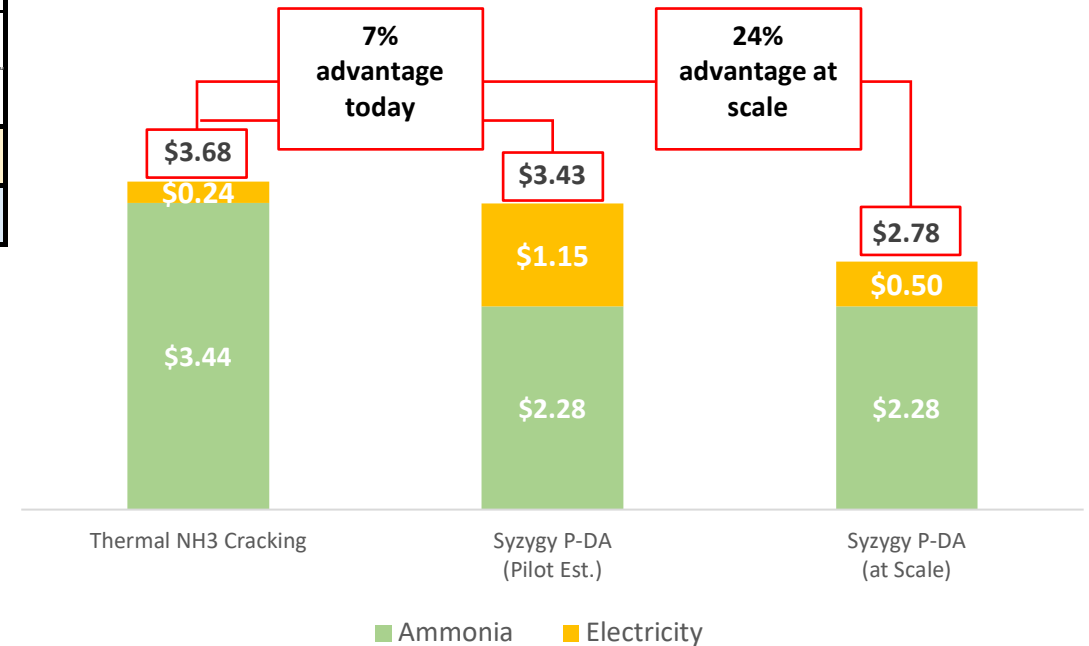


P-DATM produced H₂ cost estimates

Comparing Syzygy's P-DATM To Thermal Cracking of NH₃

	Thermal NH3 Cracking	Syzygy P-DA (Pilot Est.)	Syzygy P-DA (at Scale)
Ammonia (kg)	8.6	5.7	5.7
Electricity (kwh)	4.8	23.0	10.0
Total Input (kwh / kg H2)	49.2	52.5	39.5
Projected Energy Efficiency	68%	63%	84%

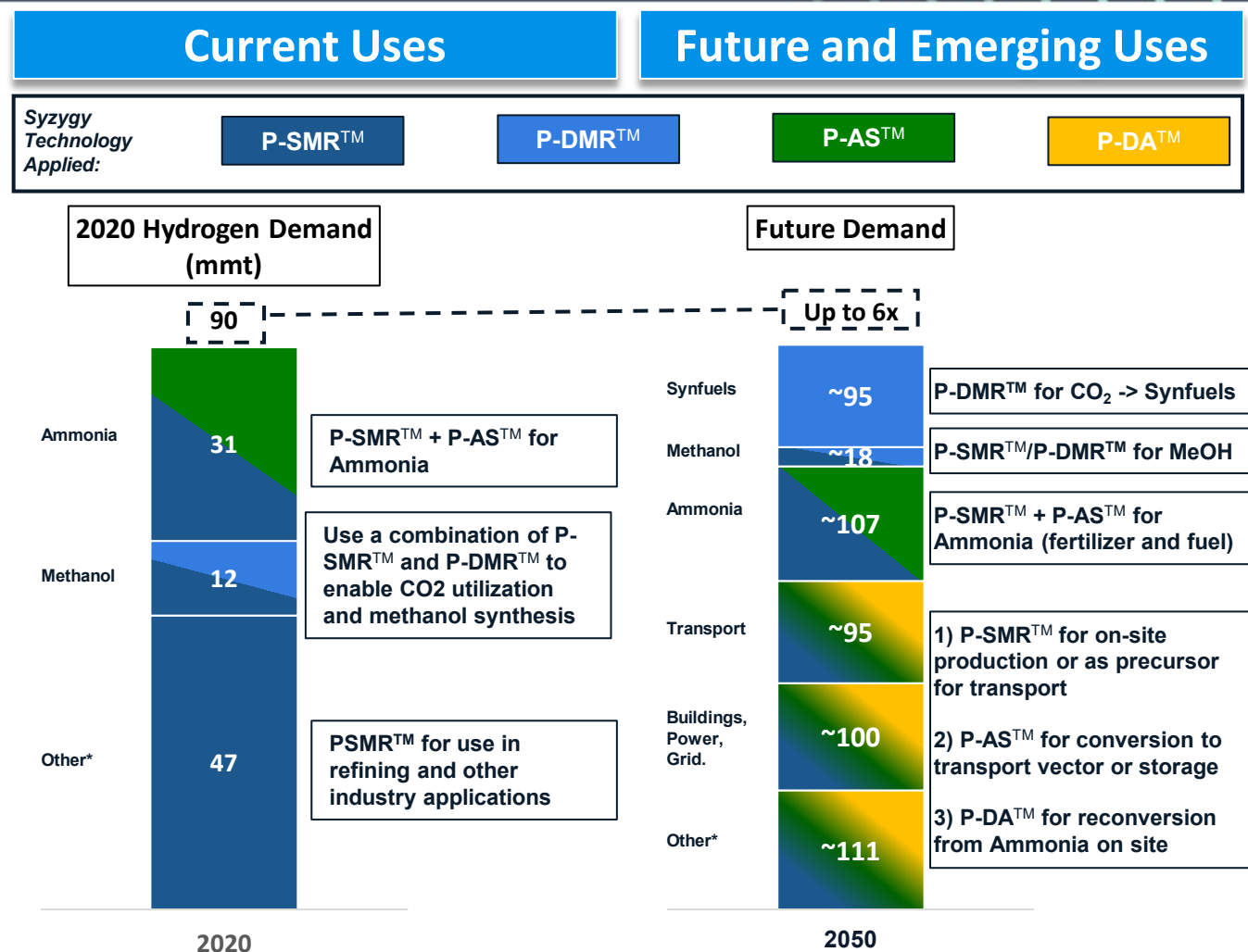
Good technology performance translates to great economic benefit potential





Syzygy's Technology Platform Unlocks the Full Hydrogen Value Chain

- Syzygy's platform technology will integrate at multiple points within the hydrogen value chain
- Primary demand for hydrogen can potentially increase 6x from 2020 to 2050
- Upstream hydrogen demand supports many multiples of downstream products
 - 1kg of H₂ supports 6kg of NH₃
 - 1kg of H₂ supports 8kg of MeOH
- Syzygy technology will be able to enable the hydrogen economy throughout the value chain
 - Enables primary H₂ production
 - Converts H₂ into NH₃ for cost-efficient storage and for transport
 - Reconverts NH₃ into H₂ at the point of use
 - Enables CO₂ utilization for things like MeOH and other synfuels





S Y Z Y G Y P L A S M O N I C S

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