



Dakota Gasification Company's Great Plains Synfuels Plant (GPSP)



- Concept started in early 1970s
- GPSP built by a consortium of 5 pipeline companies
- Construction began in 1981
- Synthetic Natural Gas (SNG) production began in 1984

A new owner ... DGC

- **A technological marvel but not a financial success...**
- **Original owners default**
The original investors defaulted on August 1, 1985, about one year after first gas was put in the pipeline, due to the very low price of natural gas
- **DOE operation period**
The DOE operated the plant from 1985 until 1988
- **Sold to Basin Electric Power Cooperative**
Basin Electric purchased the plant from the DOE & formed DGC, a wholly owned subsidiary to operate the facility



DGC's Great Plains Synfuels Plant

A Unique Facility

- Only commercial coal gasification facility producing synthetic natural gas
- Byproducts sales of anhydrous ammonia, liquid nitrogen, & sulfur
- Diversification of products began in 1989 with initial \$25 million for capital projects for phenol/cresylic acid & xenon/krypton
- Installation of flue gas desulfurization project to produce DakSul45 in 1996
- 1,100 tons/day Anhydrous Ammonia Plant completed in 1997
- Carbon Dioxide (CO₂) Pipeline for Enhanced Oil Recovery (EOR) in 2000





Committed to Health, Safety & the Environment

- Environmentally Compliant
- Enhanced Plant Efficiencies
- Adopted ACC's Responsible Care Policy 2007



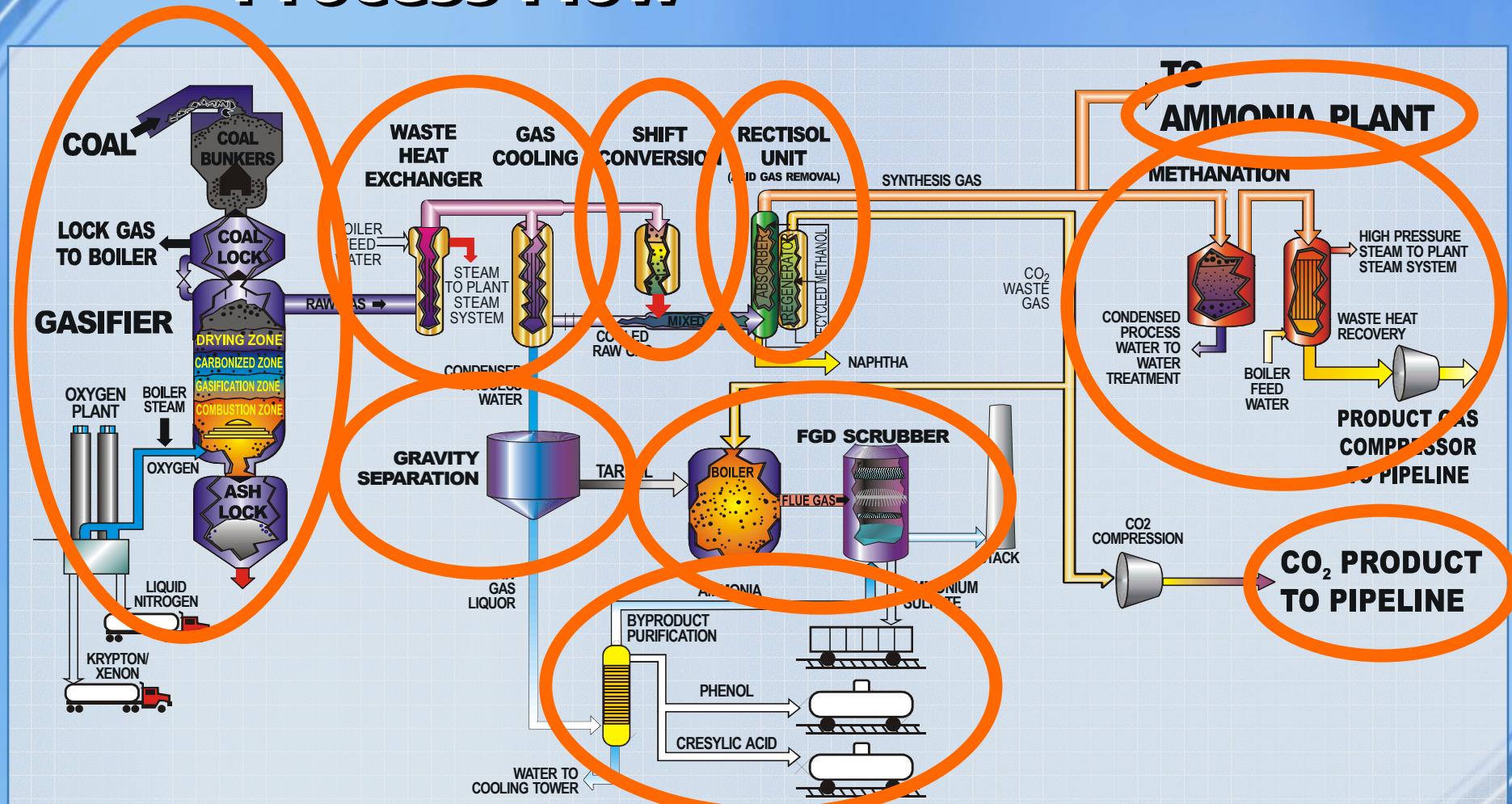
The Environment

- Ambient air is monitored continuously at four sites for SO₂ & NO_x
- Groundwater is monitored at more than 100 wells
- Reduced CO₂ emissions by 49% since 2000 through carbon capture and sequestration activities
- Ammonium Sulfate - an environmentally friendly product
- BNSF Railway 2007 Product Stewardship Award
- Surrounding communities outreach
- Reverse 911 system

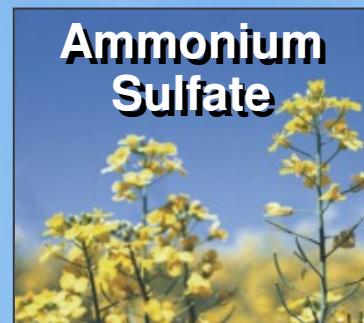
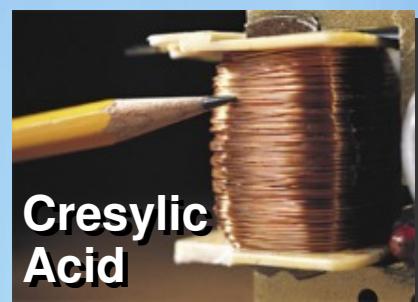
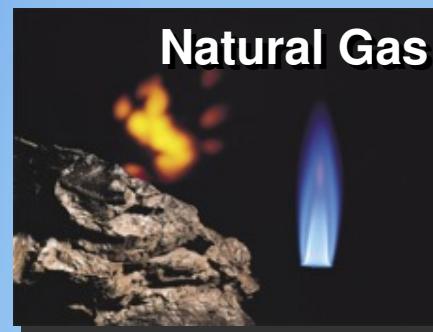
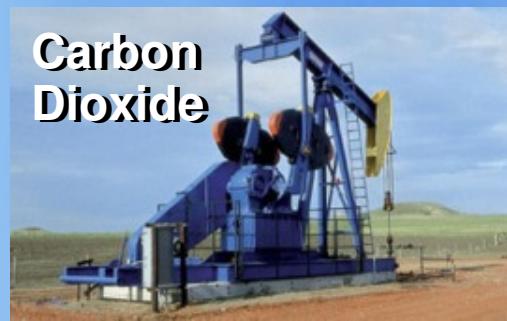
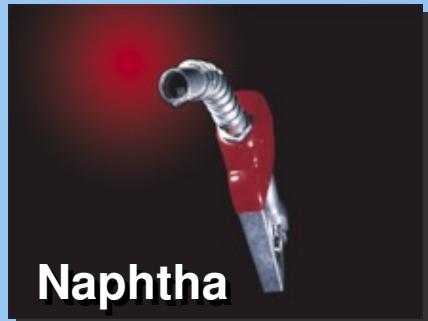
GPSP Today

- **Work Force:** more than 700 people
- **Coal Usage:** \approx 18,000 tons daily
- **Daily Production Capacity:** 170 mmscfd SNG, along with many byproducts
- **Annual Plant Loading Factor:** 90-92%
- **Reduced CO₂ emissions by 49% since 2000**

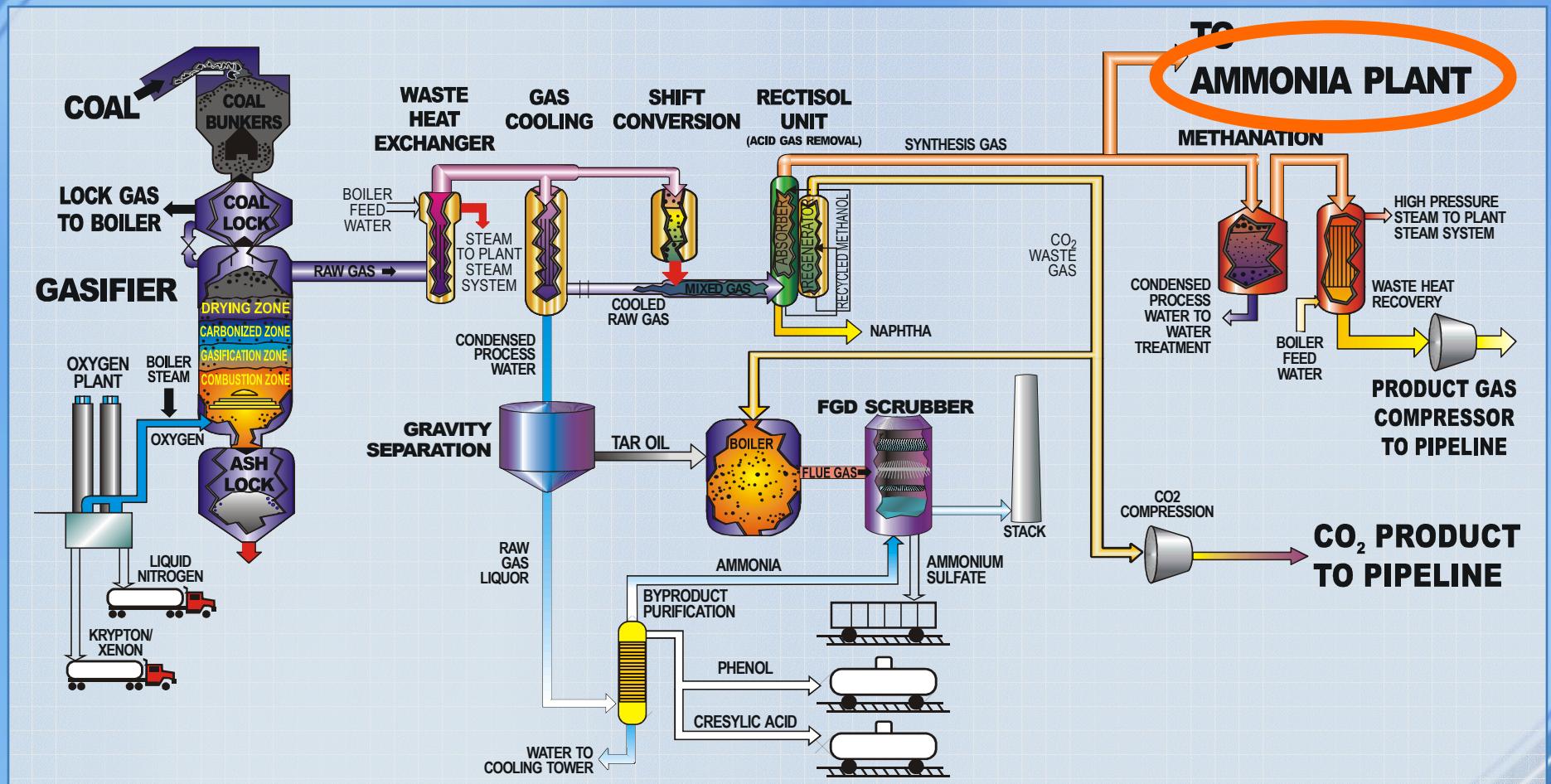
Great Plains Synfuels Plant Process Flow



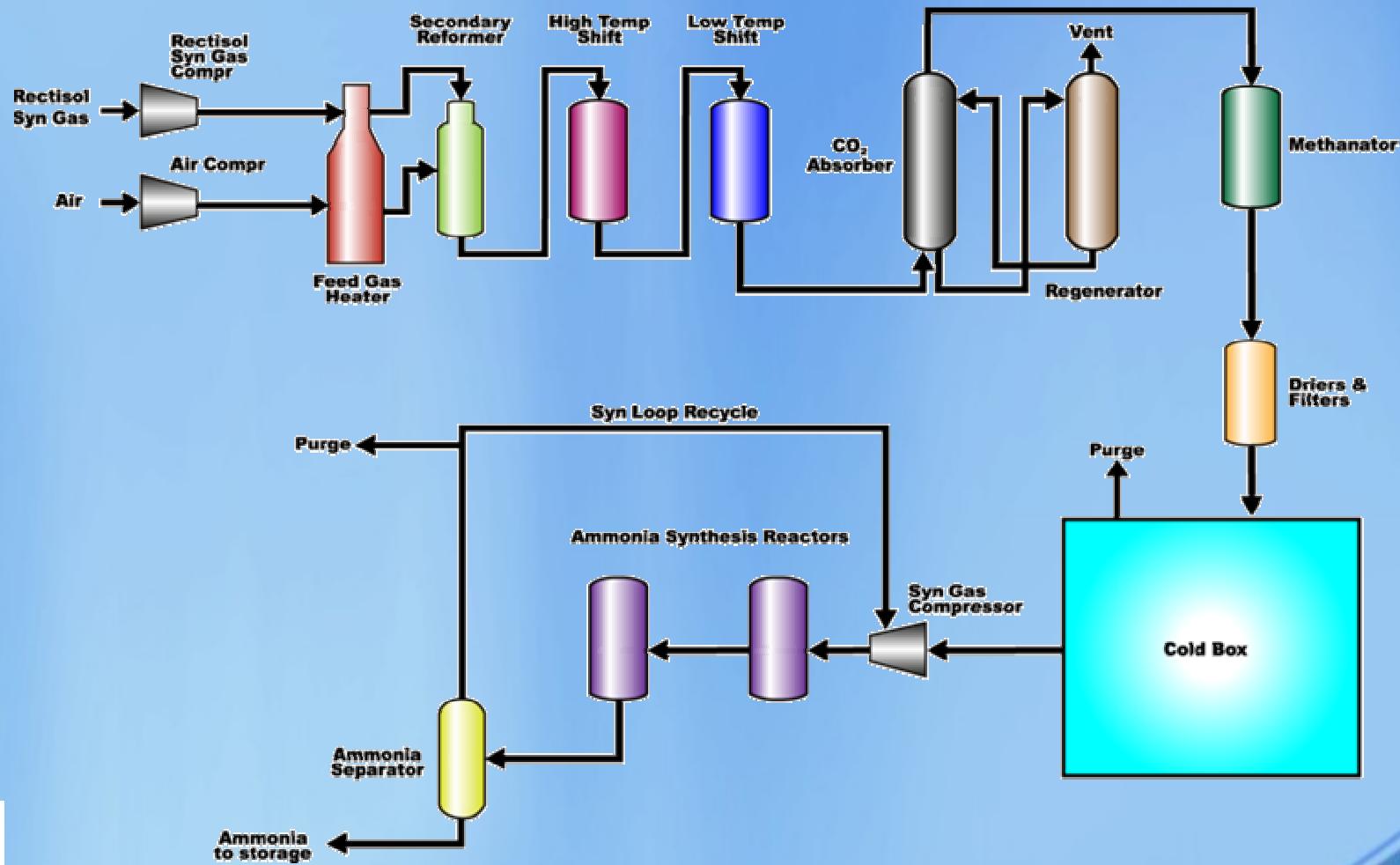
Byproducts

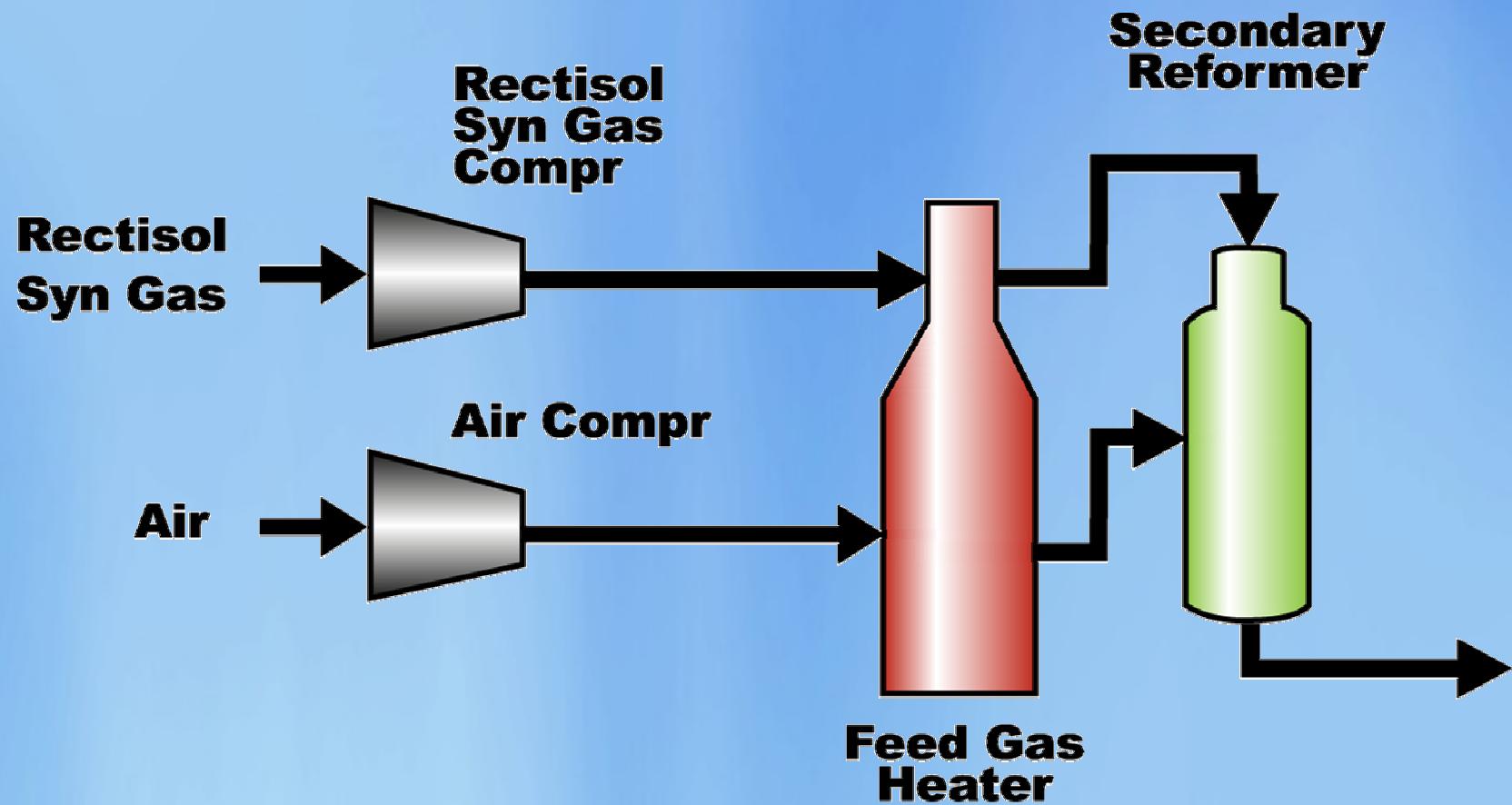


Great Plains Synfuels Plant Process Flow

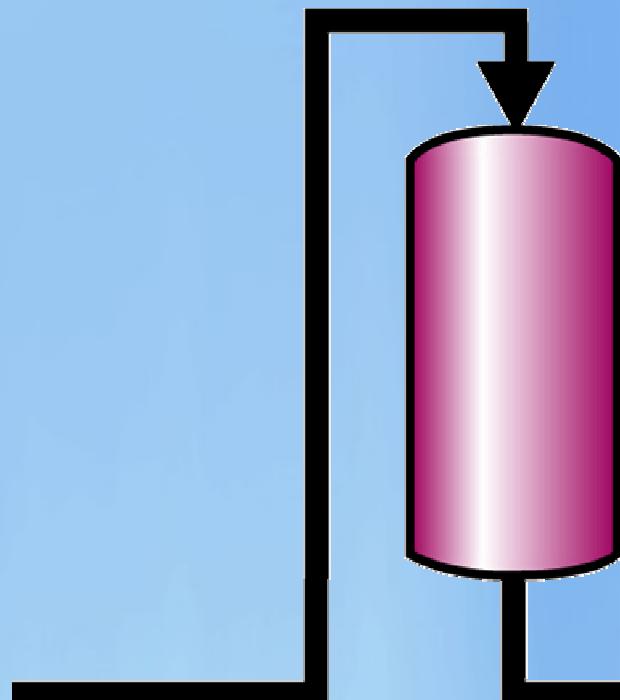


Simplified Ammonia Process

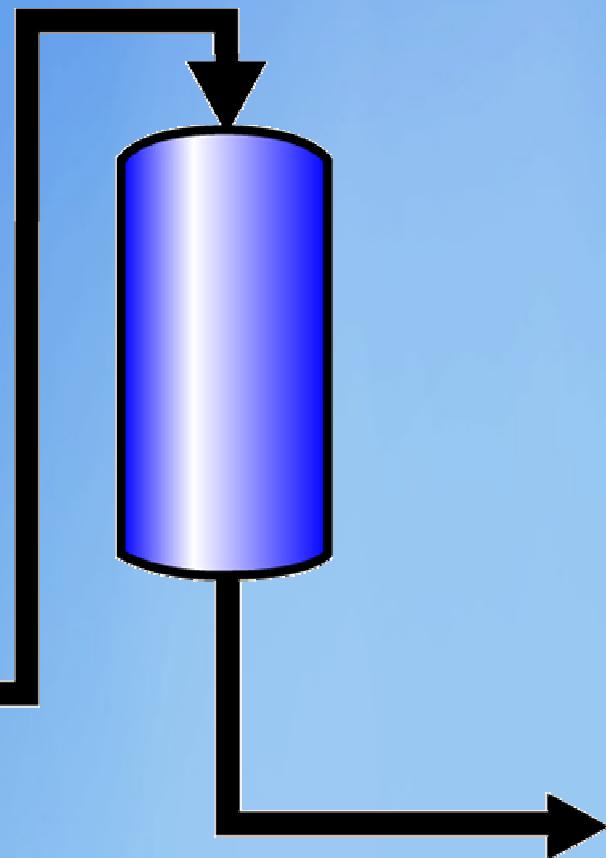


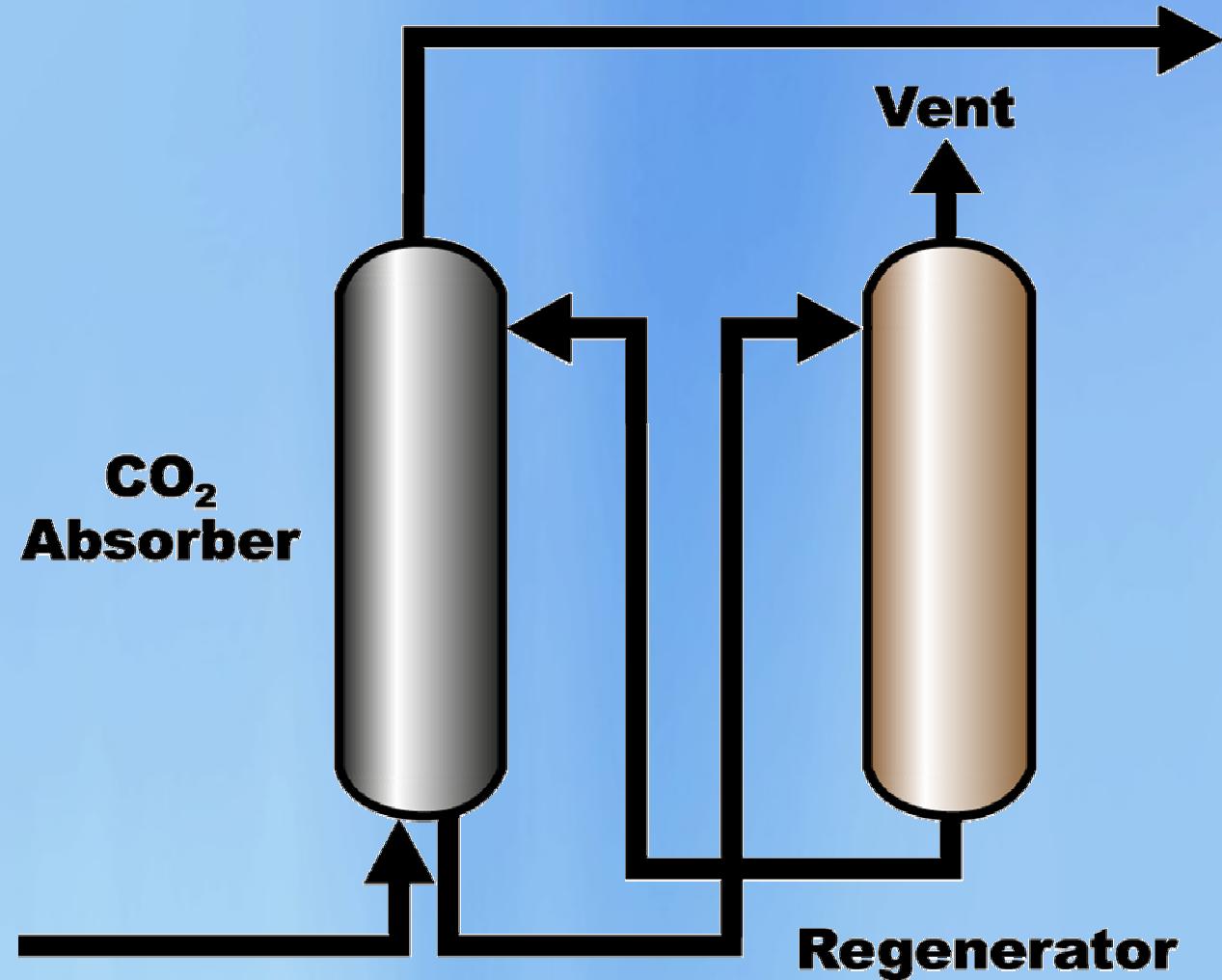


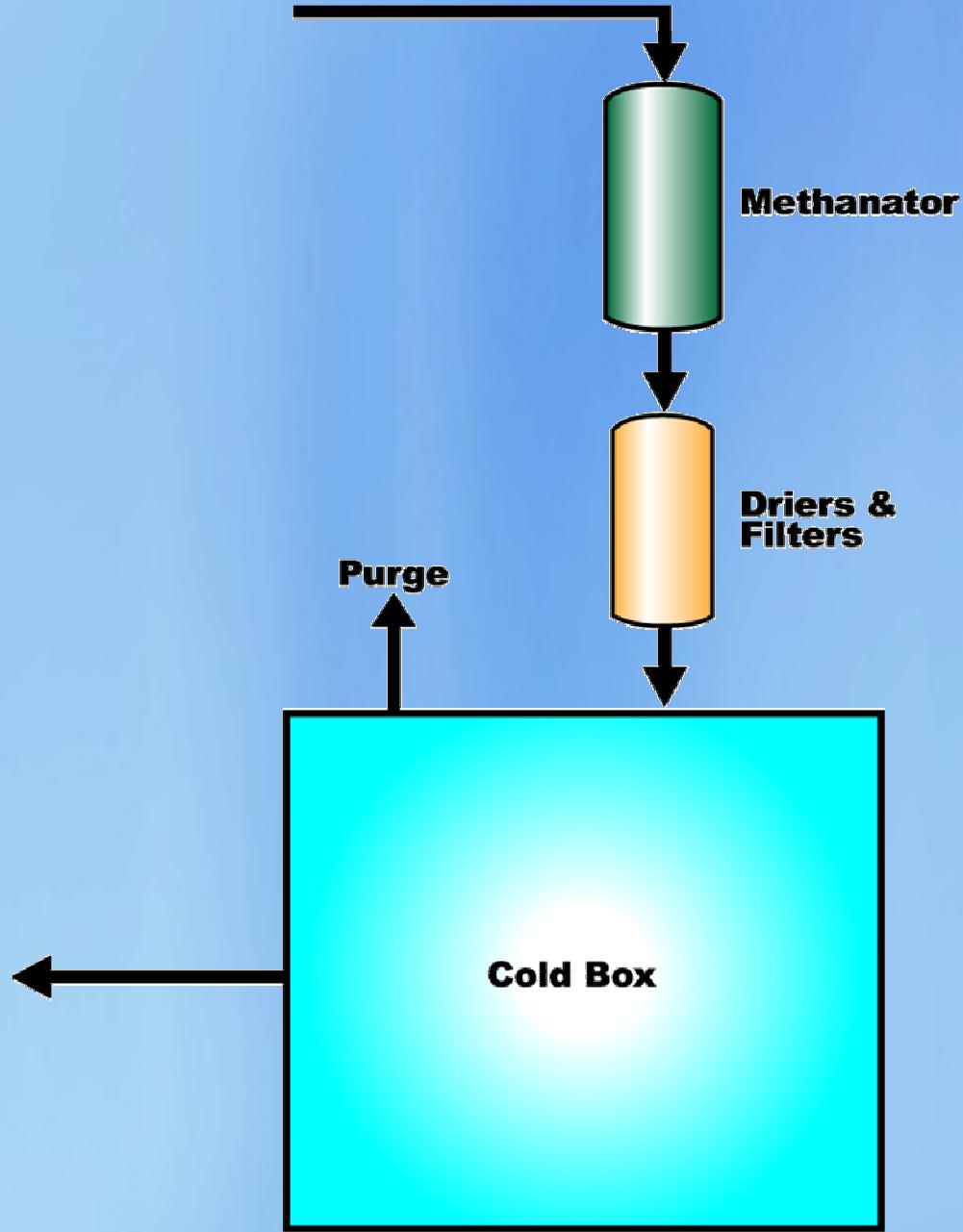
High Temp Shift

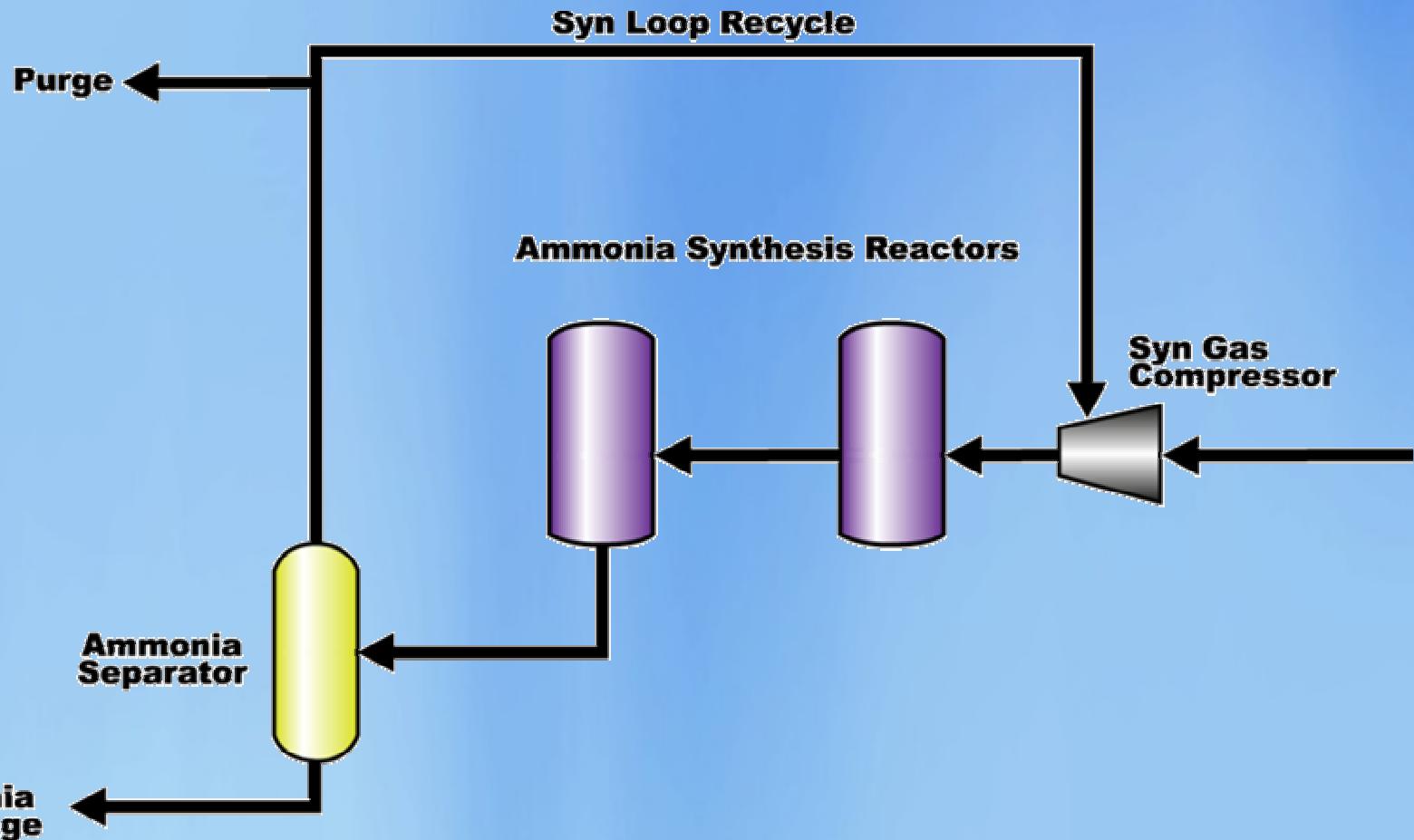


Low Temp Shift

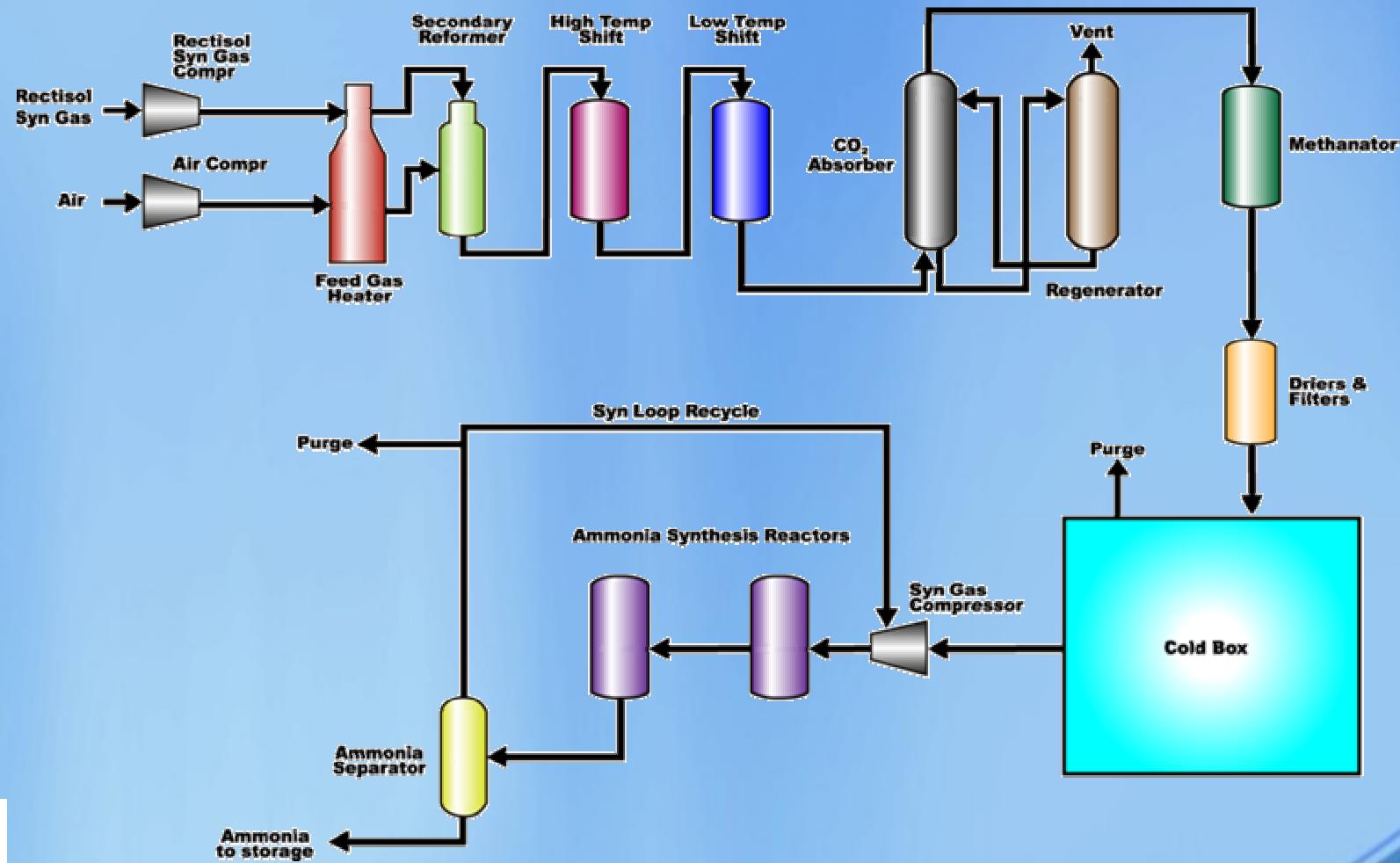




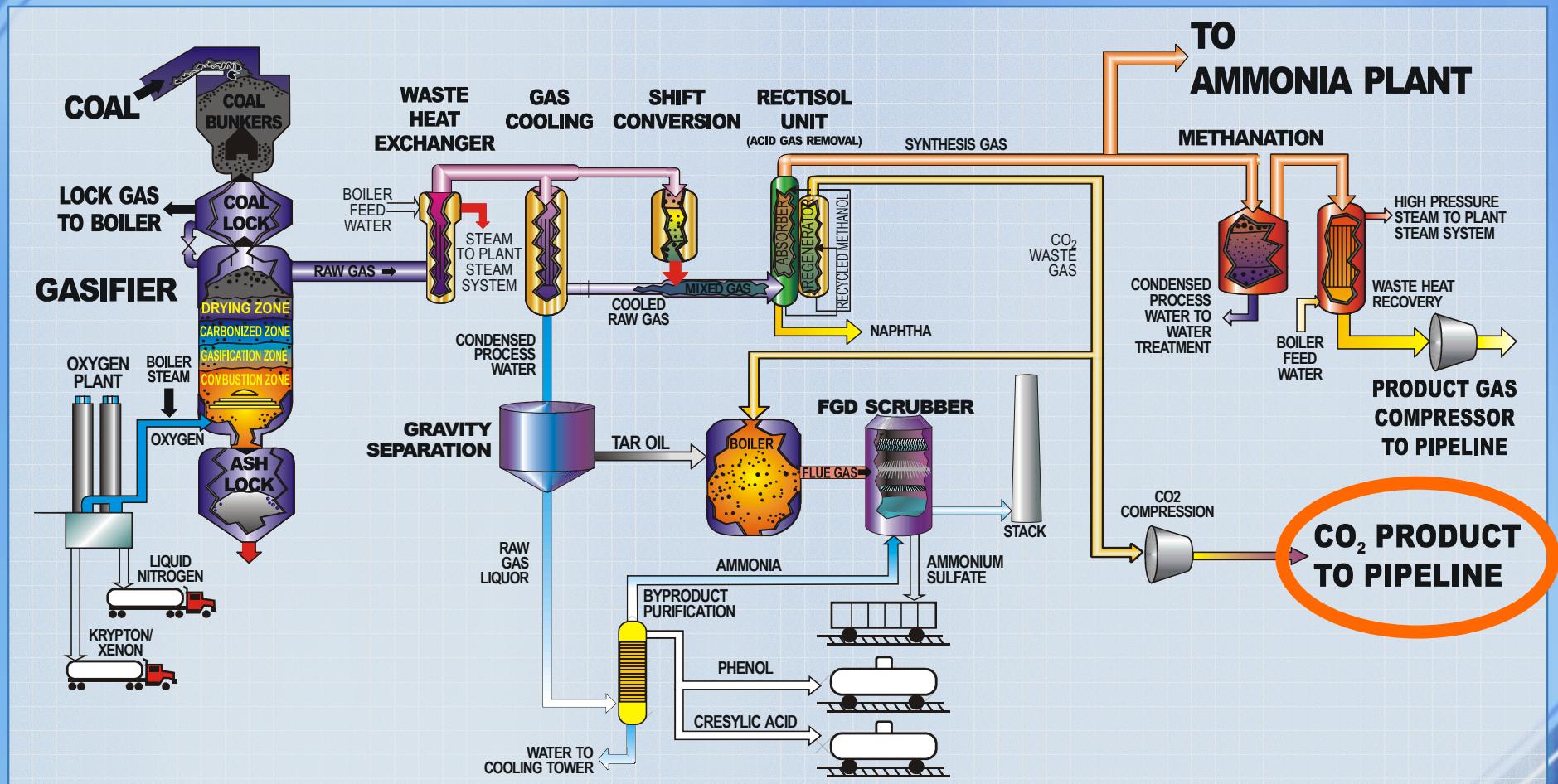




Simplified Ammonia Process



Great Plains Synfuels Plant Process Flow



The Story of the CO₂ Project

- The sale of CO₂ from the Synfuels Plant for tertiary or enhanced oil recovery (EOR) had always been technically possible

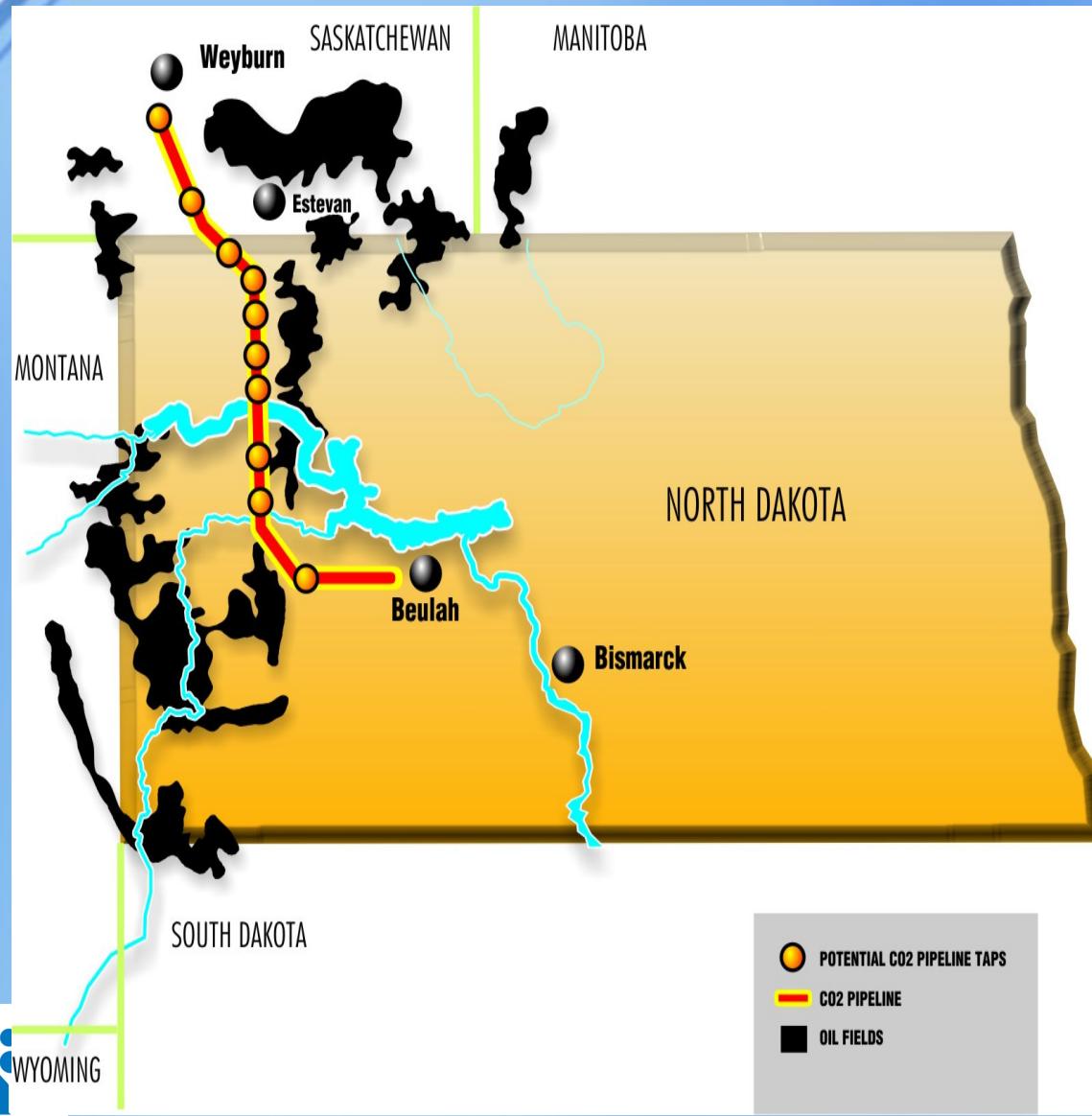
Why does DGC's CO₂ have an advantage over other sources for EOR?

- Natural sources are often far from the oil fields that could use it
- Flue gas contains water vapor and nitrogen
- DGC Product CO₂:
 - -100° F Dew Point
 - 95.7% Carbon Dioxide
 - 1.0% Hydrogen Sulfide
 - 1.0% Ethane
 - 0.9% Methane
 - 1.4% Other

The Story of the CO₂ Project

- Financial & contractual stumbling blocks
- July 1997 - DGC & PanCanadian (now EnCana Corporation) signed a contract for 95 MMSCFD of CO₂

CO₂ Pipeline



- 205 miles
- 14" and 12" carbon steel pipe
- MAOP 2,700 psig & 2,964 psig
- Strategically routed through Williston Basin oil fields

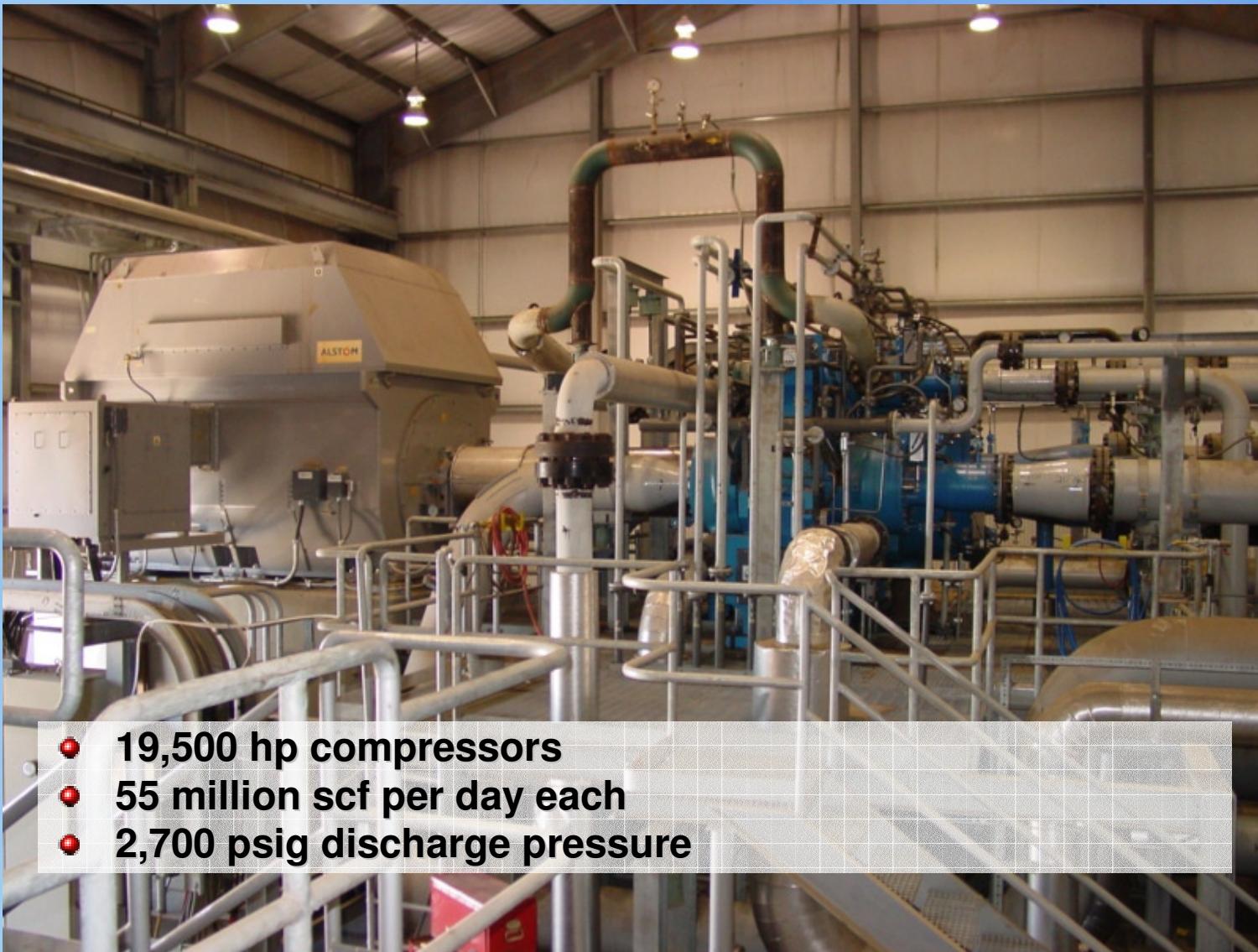
Permissions were a challenge

- **Landowners**
 - 246 in ND
 - 65 in Canada
- **International Boundary Commission**
- **ND Public Service Commission**
- **ND Water Commission**
- **ND Historical Society**
- **US Army Corps of Engineers**
- **US Dept. of Interior BLM**
- **US Dept. of Agriculture Forest Service**
- **Canadian NEB and other country/municipality agencies**

Pipeline Safety

- Regulated by US DOT & Canadian NEB as a hazardous liquid
- Leak detection system (LDS) software
- Worst-case scenario modeling
- Reverse 911
- Public meetings for landowners, residence, and local emergency response personnel
- Pigging requirements

CO₂ Compressors



Initial Project Startup – September 2000



Additional Sales

- In late 2004/early 2005 negotiated new contracts with Apache and EnCana for additional CO₂ sales
- Total CO₂ deliveries are now about 152 mmscf/d

Added Equipment

- One additional 19,500 hp compressor at plant site
- Booster pump located near Tioga, ND
- Custody transfer station for Apache



Responsible Care

Tioga pump



Summary

- The DGC project uses an industrial source of CO₂ that would otherwise be emitted to the atmosphere
- Over 13 million normal tons of CO₂ sequestered through the end of 2007



Questions?

