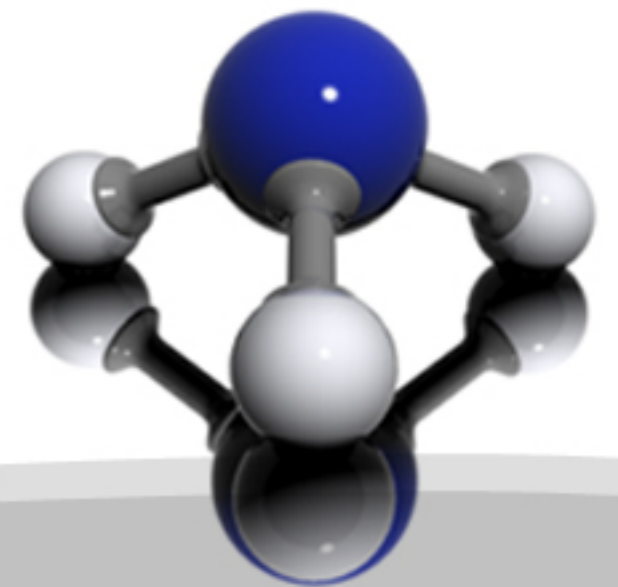


Gillespie
Stack
Grannell
LLC

Who's Driving NH₃ as a Fuel?

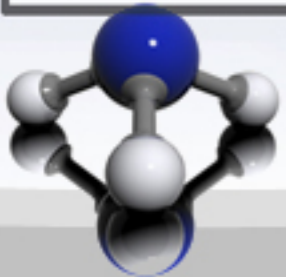
Casey Stack, President

www.nh3car.com



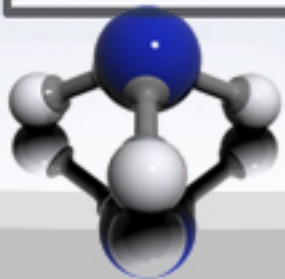
A Hard Look at the Market Realities of NH₃ as Fuel

- Will it happen? Yes! But when & what apps?
- What parameters affect competition with other fuels?
- How is this field shaping up today?



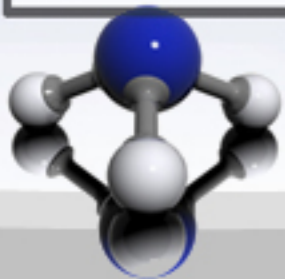
Outline

- The Coming Fuel Crisis
- Complexities of Market Economics
- Who are the Early Adopters and Who is Shaping up to Control the Market?
- Technology Breakthrough Announcement



The World Runs on Cheap Energy!

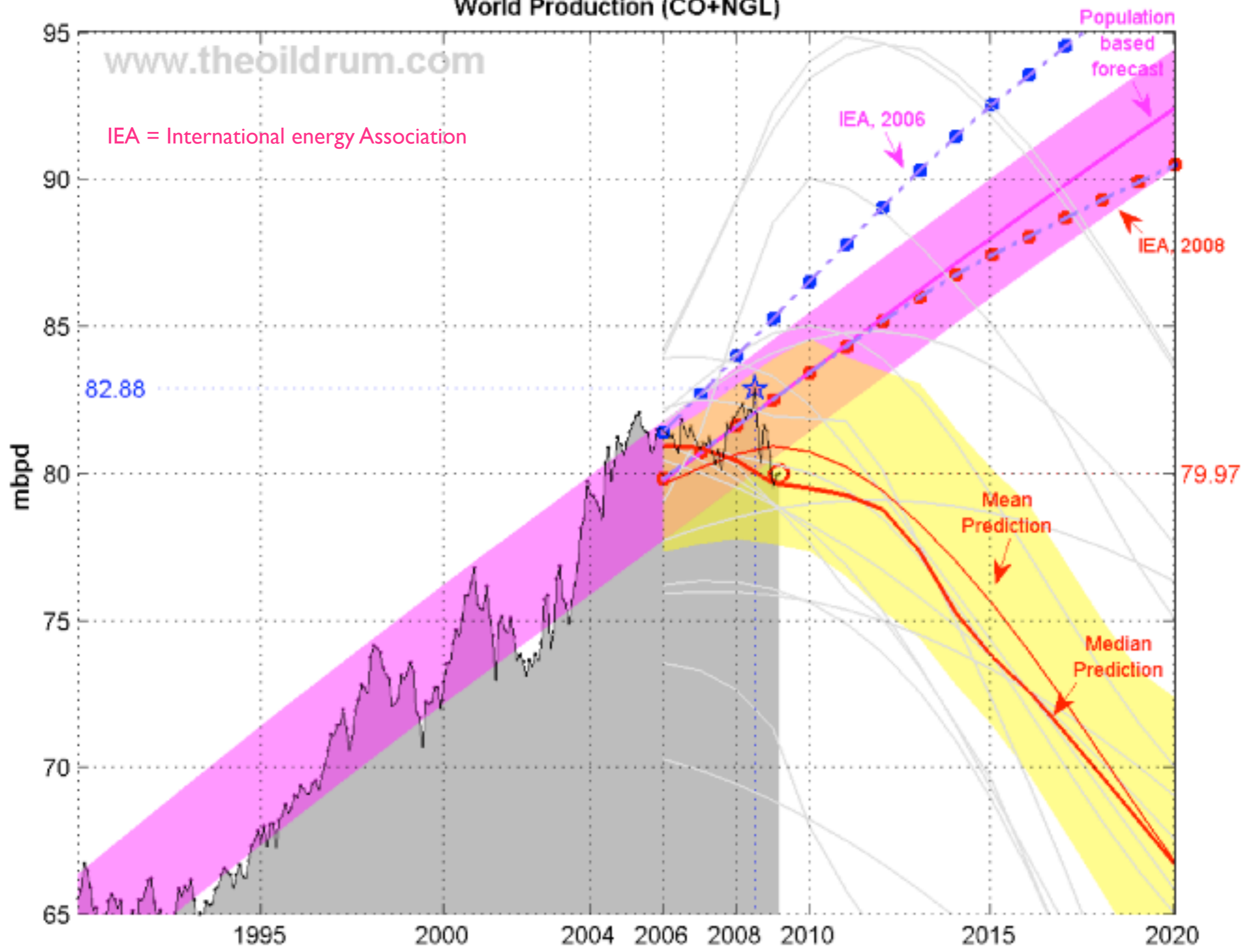
- For 100+ years energy from petroleum has powered the growth of our societies... the very source of our wealth
- One barrel of oil contains 12 man years of work energy. \$240,000/man vs \$80/bbl



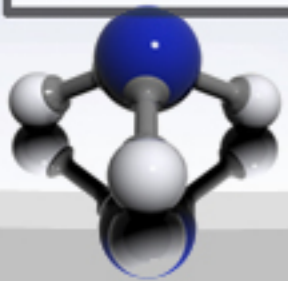
World Production (CO+NGL)

www.theoilrum.com

IEA = International energy Association



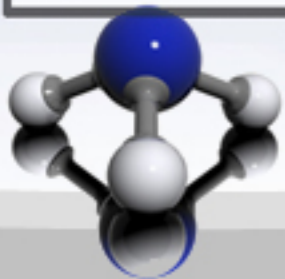
The physics of energy requirements in the 'post peak oil' era will continually lead back to the chemistry of NH_3 until someone markets the "Mr. Fusion, Home Reactor".



Market Complexities

NH₃ vs Fossil Fuels is a Game with a Lot of Moving Parts

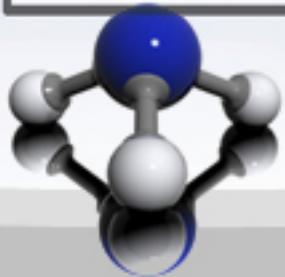
Regardless of any interesting technical discussions at these conferences, realization of this solution is dependent upon economically beneficial business plans!



Questions

What is the price point for oil before transportation makes a meaningful change to another fuel?

What market options might be adopted prior to NH₃ for Transportation Fuel?



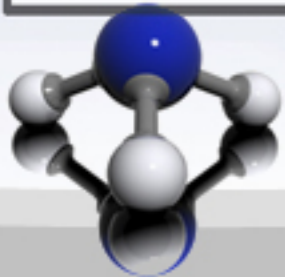
Oil \$\$ Somewhat Self Governing

Near term, the increasing price of oil results in economic slow down which reduces the demand and therefore the cost for oil.



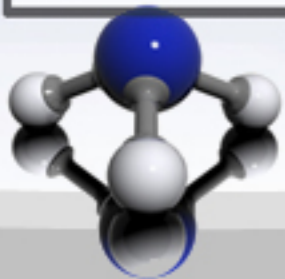
CNG's Dramatic Advantages in Near Term Transportation Fuel Changes

- Existing Distribution Infrastructure
- Current PR Regarding Plentiful Shale Gas
- Broad Existing Acceptance & Approvals
- Existing Manufacturing and Conversion
- Supports Institutional & Financial Status quo



Problem 1: Cost of NH₃

- Subject to Commodity Pricing as Fertilizer
- Dependent upon Feed Stock Costs



NH₃ Feedstock Pricing Near Term

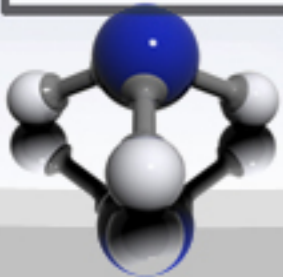
- 80% Global Production from Natural Gas
- Will 'Fracking' ultimately provide cheap NG, or is this hype akin to "Power Too Cheap to Meter"?
- 3:1 economic benefit to drill for oil rather than NG. This gap may widen with Peak Oil prices



NH₃ 'Feedstock*' Pricing Future - Green

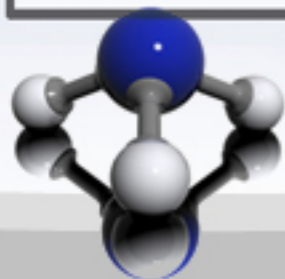
- Future NH₃ production may use some alternative energy sources with conventional or new production technologies
- Cost per MMBTU & Capital Investment?
- Availability Schedule?
- Energy Efficiency of Production?

* Energy



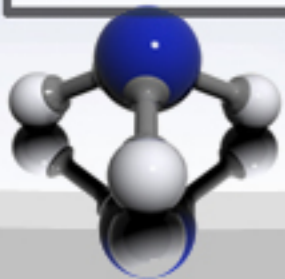
Problem 2: Agriculture Sets NH3 Pricing

- Corn production is the “Million Ton Gorilla” in the game
- Currently corn is approximately 2x the break-even price and driving NH3 prices higher. Russian famine, China/India Growth add to this



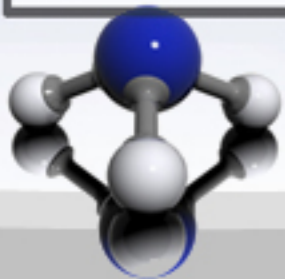
Problem 3: Competition with Other's Livelihoods

- Politics & Economics of US Institutional Opposition
- Expressed non-support, major U.S. NH₃ producer, US auto manufacturer, US oil co.
- The “safety card” is easy to play against NH₃, even though it is completely inaccurate.



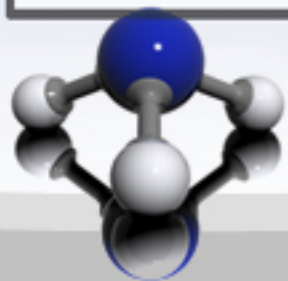
Problem 4: No DOE Support

- Not Currently Designated as a US D.O.E. “Alternative Fuel”
- US Investment opportunities are near zero until federally recognized
- Highly competitive sanction which will require professional lobbying effort.



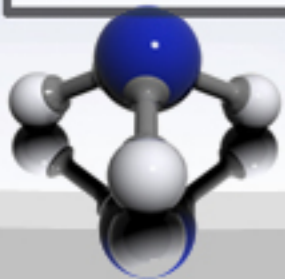
NH₃ Has a Bright Future, but When & Where?

- At a minimum, the next five to ten years of NH₃ fuel use will be based on 'brown ammonia' and the agricultural driven pricing structure.
- Initial NH₃ fuel applications depend upon additional use benefits, because many times it can't be guaranteed to be 'cheaper' in the long run.



Will U.S. Vehicle use Lead the Way for NH₃?

- Unfortunately, Unlikely
- CNG will probably dominate early conversions even with reduced range
- However CNG prices may rise as transportation demand moves to CNG with petroleum price increases. If so, NH₃ prices will unfortunately rise accordingly, due to feedstock prices.
- Electric Vehicles also making greater than expected market advances



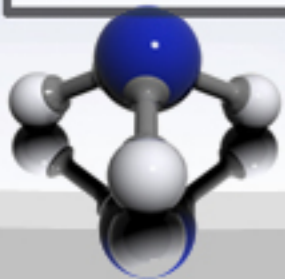
Will the U.S. Lead the Way in NH₃ Fuel Usage for any applications?

- **Unfortunately, Unlikely**
- **Nearly frozen US capital markets halted investments**
- **Lack of DOE Designation a Dramatic Roadblock to US investment, development and use**



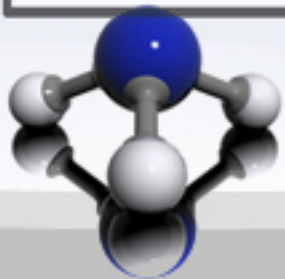
What Applications are Leading in NH₃ Conversion?

- Backup Power Generation
- Remote Prime & Peaking Power Generation
- Irrigation / Agriculture Tractors
- Mining



Where is the 'NH₃ as Fuel' Business Happening Today?

- China
- India
- Misc. African Countries
- U.S., (procurement only)



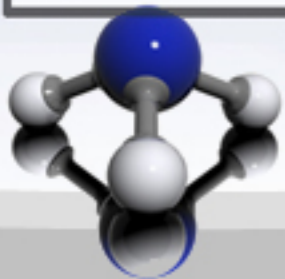
CHINA

- Purchase of Potash Corp.
- Purchase of Australia's NW Methane Reserves
- Purchase of most shuttered global NH₃ capacity / Plant Relocation
- IP procurement
- Implications on North American Food Security



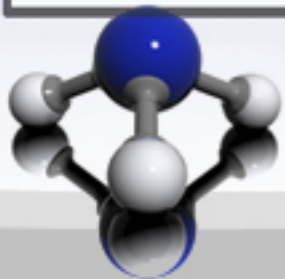
Wake Up America!

- Other Governments recognize that GDP IS the energy use graph, and are moving quickly to corner this technology in the US and elsewhere.
- Growing external control over North American NH₃ production and distribution
- Control of the 'use' patents
- National Defense Initiatives...?



What You Can Do!

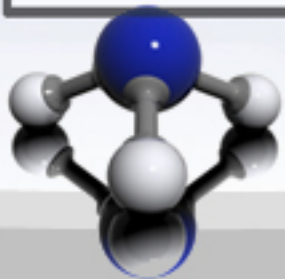
- The First Step for US NH₃ fuel development is DOE listing as an approved alternate fuel.
- Before leaving the conference commit to the NH₃ Fuel Association, your portion of the money needed to lobby NH₃ onto the DOE's list of approved Alternative Fuels.
- See John or Norm this week to commit your funds!



New Technology Announcement



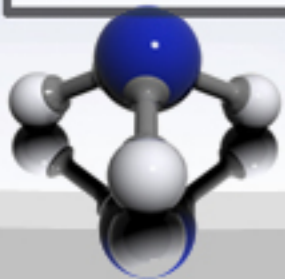
“From the Yellow Truck People”
Dual Fuel Operation was First.... 2007





GSG DEMONSTRATION: DUAL FUEL

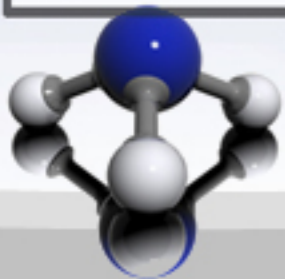
The prototype vehicle was driven across the US in August 2007 from Detroit Michigan to the Golden Gate Bridge in San Francisco to demonstrate the effectiveness of the NH₃ dual fuel configuration.



Gillespie IP

GSG LLC owns the core intellectual property associated with the practical and clean operation of modern ICEs on NH₃.

- US patent #7,574,993. “Apparatus, system and method for operating a dual fueled spark ignition engine”
- Dual Fueled Operation (NH₃ with any combustion promoter)
- Operating maps & control mechanism for smooth operation & clean emissions
- Patents Issued August 2009
- International patents pending



New Technology Announcement

The logo for Gillespie Stack Grannell LLC is a blue square with white text. The text is arranged in four lines: "Gillespie", "Stack", "Grannell", and "LLC".

Gillespie
Stack
Grannell
LLC

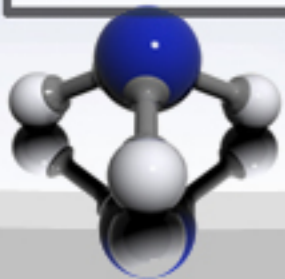
Ammonia Flame Cracker

Single Fuel Operation for all Internal
Combustion Engines... 2010



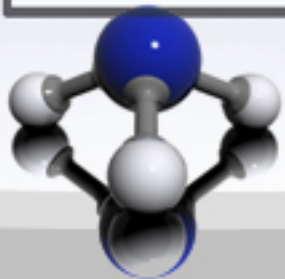
AMMONIA FLAME CRACKER

The new GSG Ammonia Flame Cracker is the first practical & low cost device which allows NH₃ to be handled and used in engines just like any hydrocarbon, CNG, Propane, Hydrogen, etc.



Flame Cracker I.C.E. Benefits

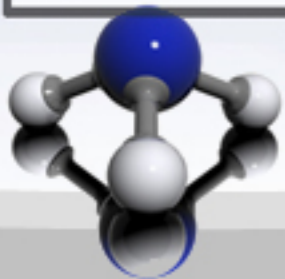
- NH₃ Single Fuel / Instant Start Up
- Easy Low Temp Engine Starting
- High Operating Efficiency / Self-Sustaining
- Low Manufacturing Cost, No Palatinate Catalysts, No Strategic Materials
- Elimination of Vehicle Catalytic Converter
- Eliminates Corrosion Concerns



Ammonia Flame Cracker

More Information

- Dr. Shawn Grannell presents technical information on the new cracker technology: Tuesday @ 10AM. Don't miss it.
- Patents Pending



Conclusions

- Petroleum liquid fuels are going to be in crisis in the near future
- NH₃ will ultimately play a critical roll in the solution.
- The commercial market is complex and subject to many forces. May develop slowly, esp. in the US.
- Initial applications are those which have multiple needs served well by NH₃, not just energy/cost.
- Other governments are quickly positioning to exert significant control over the US production and use of NH₃ as fuel.



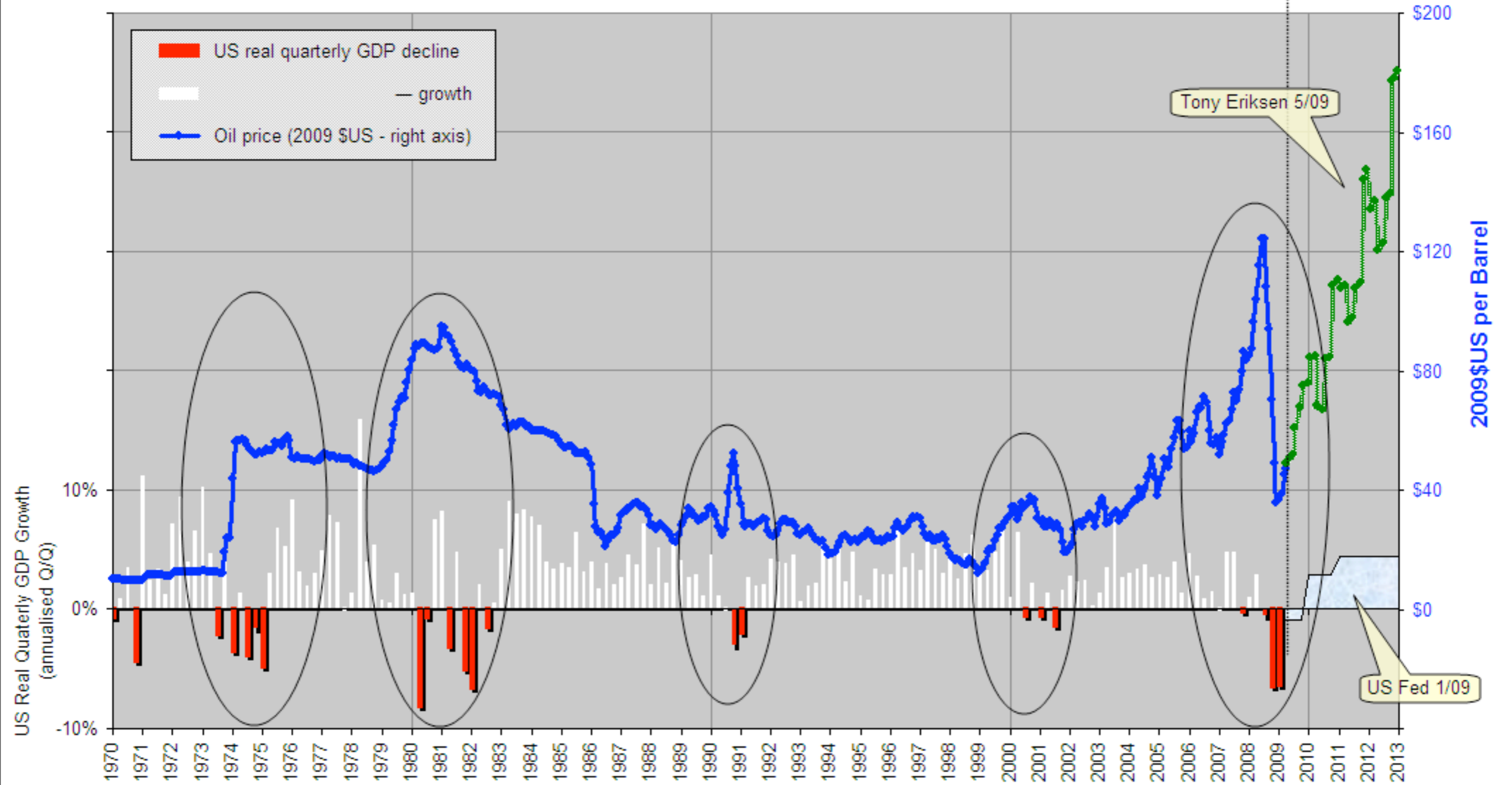
Thank You

Casey Stack
Donald E. Gillespie
Dr. Shawn Grannell

Gillespie Stack Grannell, LLC
+1-801-292-2309
www.nh3car.com



Crude Oil Price and US GDP



GSF 2009

Sources: USEIA, USBEA, USFOMC, Tony Eriksen